## 

Given a map, origin, and destination, we would like to provide turn-by-turn directions.

- 1. Use Java (or C, C++, Python) to implement:
  - (a) Greedy algorithm: Greedy.java has the main method
  - (b) Dijkstra's algorithm: Dijkstra.java has the main method

## 2. Input:

- (a) Command line argument: map file (scale: m mile for each x or y unit; street name,  $x_1 y_1 h_1$ ,  $x_2 y_2 h_2$ , ...)
  - i. melbourne.txt posted on the course web site
  - ii. create a second data set with at least 10 intersections and 2 curvy streets in a real city [Google Maps has house numbers by zooming in]
- (b) Keyboard from user: origin and destination addresses
  - i. house number
  - ii. street name
- 3. Output:
  - (a) each line has:
    - i. turn direction ("continue," "turn right," "turn left")
    - ii. street name (the same street name should not appear on consecutive lines)
    - iii. distance (in miles with 1 decimal place; in feet if shorter than .1 mile)
  - (b) since we are using real street names, house numbers, and distance, the directions should be similar to Google Maps (except when it uses streets not in our maps)
- 4. Provide a report (pdf):
  - (a) As you know, a cell phone or car is highly mobile and could change locations frequently. Hence, localization needs to be efficient so that the location can be updated frequately to be accurate.
    - i. Solve and simplify (show your steps) the equations for x and y to **minimize** the number of arithmetic operations need to be performed on the "input" variables:  $x_1, y_1, d_1, x_2, y_2, d_2, x_3, y_3, d_3$
    - ii. How many arithmetic operations are needed to calculate x and y?
  - (b) Compare the two algorithms:
    - i. quality of output
    - ii. time/speed
    - iii. space/memory
- 5. Provide readme.txt
  - (a) how to compile your programs (on hopper.cs.fit.edu or code.fit.edu)
  - (b) how to run the two algorithms
  - (c) sample output of each algorithm for each input data set
- 6. Submit: source code, report, your data set, and readme.txt