CSE 5693 Machine Learning HW2 Due 6:30pm, Feb 26

Canvas: HW2

- 1. Written assignment (pdf file on Submit Server or handwritten copy in class):
 - (a) 2.4
 - (b) 2.7
 - (c) 3.4
 - (d) Consider two attributes Outlook (sunny, rainy, cloudy) and Humidity (high) and outcome PlayTennis (yes, no) for the instance space (X).
 - i. Consider an unbiased hypothesis space (H1), enumerate all possible hypotheses $(h_1, h_2, ...)$ in terms of subsets of instances. What is the number of possible unique hypotheses in H1?
 - ii. For each hypothesis in H1, represent it as a boolean expression. What is the number of unique hypotheses semantically?
 - iii. Consider a biased hypothesis space (H2)where each attribute can only have a value, ?, or \emptyset . What is the number of unique hypotheses semantically in the biased hypothesis space (H2)?
 - iv. Identify hypotheses in the unbiased hypothesis space (H1) that are not in the biased hypothesis space (H2).
 - (e) With the programming assignment: Discuss and compare accuracy of no pruning versus rule post-pruning in testIris and testIrisNoisy. Include plots for the comparisons.
- 2. Programming assignment: Decision Tree
 - (a) Allow more than two outcomes/classes
 - (b) Allow continuous-valued attributes
 - (c) Allow printing the tree
 - (d) Allow the option of rule post-pruning and printing the rules
 - (e) Two data sets: Tennis and Iris on the course web site.
 - (f) The same program should be able to handle the two data sets.
 - (g) For each of the following experiments, provide a script/program/function to run the experiment:
 - i. testTennis: print the tree, tree accuracy on the training and test sets, the rules, rule accuracy on the training and test sets (no pruning, the dataset is too small)
 - ii. testIris: print the tree, tree accuracy on the training and test sets, the rules after post-pruning, rule accuracy on the training and test sets

- iii. testIrisNoisy: corrupt the class labels of training examples from 0% to 20% (2% increment) by changing from the correct class to another class; output the accuracy on the uncorrupted test set with and without rule post-pruning.
- (h) Implementation:
 - i. Use C (GNU gcc), C++ (GNU g++), Java, LISP (CLISP), or Python. If you don't have a preference, use Java since it's more portable.
 - ii. Your program should run on code01.fit.edu (linux) *without* non-standard packages/libraries (no additional installation of libraries/packages).
 - iii. You might have these modules:
 - A. Learner: input training examples/instances, output a tree (or rule set)
 - B. Classifier/predictor: input a tree (or rule set) and labeled instances, output the classifications/predictions and how accurate the tree is with respect to the correct labels (% of correct classifications).
 - C. Tree printer (pre-order traversal, deeper nodes are indented more, leaves have class distribution), for example: height = tall

```
size>2 = T
   L
           color = black
       weight = heavy : Yes (1,0)
       Т
           weight = light : No (0,1)
           1
           color = white
              weight = heavy : Yes (2,0)
       weight = light : No (0,1)
       1
           size>2 = F
           weight = heavy : Yes (4,0)
   weight = light : No (0,2)
       1
   L
   height = short : No (0,8)
D. Rule set printer, for example:
   height = tall \hat{} size>2 = T => Yes (1,0)
   height = tall \hat{ size>2 = F => No (0,1)
```

- (i) Submission:
 - i. README.txt: what are the files and how to compile and run your program on code01.fit.edu
 - ii. source code