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Class ID:

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CSE 1400

Applied Discrete Mathematics

Fall 2013

Midterm

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Score

1. (10 pts) Let  $P$ ,  $Q$ , and  $R$  be Boolean variables. If  $P = \text{True}$ ,  $Q = \text{False}$ , and  $R = \text{False}$ , what are the values of the following expressions?

(a)  $\neg(Q \vee R)$

(b)  $\neg(P \wedge Q) \vee R$

Score

2. (5 pts) In how many ways can truth values be assigned to  $n$  Boolean variables?

Score

3. (5 pts) How many different  $n$ -variable Boolean functions are there?

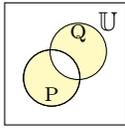
Score

4. (10 pts) Construct a truth table for the Boolean expression (function)

$$((\neg P \rightarrow Q) \wedge (\neg P \rightarrow \neg Q)) \rightarrow P$$

Score

5. (5 pts) What Boolean expression does the shaded region represent?



Score

6. (15 pts) Let

$\mathbb{D} = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$  be the universe of digits

$\mathbb{E} = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\}$  be the even digits

$\mathbb{O} = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$  be the odd digits

$\mathbb{P} = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$  be the prime digits.

(a) Is  $\mathbb{O} \cup (\mathbb{E} \cap \mathbb{P}) = (\mathbb{O} \cup \mathbb{E}) \cap \mathbb{P}$  **True** or **False**? Explain your answer.

(b) Verify **De Morgan's law**:  $\neg(\mathbb{O} \cap \mathbb{P}) = \neg\mathbb{O} \cup \neg\mathbb{P}$

(c) What is (describe)  $2^{\mathbb{D}}$ ?

Score

7. (10 pts) I once gave a 20 question **True/False** exam.

(a) In how many ways can you answer the questions (pretend you answer each question **True** or **False**)?

(b) If you decide to answer one-half of the questions **True** and one-half **False**, in how many ways can you answer the questions?

Score

8. (10 pts) What is Pascal's identity and what are its boundary conditions?

Score

9. (5 pts) Let  $\mathbb{X} = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$ . What is the notation for the Stirling number of the second kind, which counts partitions of  $\mathbb{X}$  into 3 subsets? (Extra credit (5 pts)) What is the Stirling's second recurrence equation for counting partitions?

Score

10. (10 pts) Consider the sequence  $\vec{M} = \langle 0, 1, 3, 7, 15, 31, 63, \dots \rangle$ .
- (a) What is the function  $m(n)$  that computes the terms  $m_n$  for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ?

- (b) What is the recurrence equation that terms in the sequence satisfy?

Score

11. (5 pts) Write the first 6 terms in the sequence defined by the recurrence equation and initial condition.

$$f_n = f_{n-1} - f_{n-2}, \quad f_0 = 0, f_1 = 1$$

Score

12. (5 pts) Consider the summation

$$S_n = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} (4k + 3)$$

Show that the function  $S(n) = n(2n + 1)$  satisfies the recurrence equation  $S_{n+1} = S_n + (4n + 3)$ .

Score

13. (5 pts) Use mathematical induction to prove the following summation formula.

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n-1} k(k-1) = \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3}$$