Class Syllabus
CSE 1400 Applied Discrete Mathematics
&MTH 2051 Discrete Mathematics
Department of Computer Sciences
School of Computing
Florida Tech
Fall 2016 (August 8, 2016)
Course Description

CSE 1400 Applied Discrete Mathematics cross-listed with MTH 2051 Discrete Mathematics (3 credits). Topics include positional and modular number systems, relations and their graphs, discrete functions, set theory, propositional and predicate logic, sequences, summations, mathematical induction and proofs by contradiction. (Requirement: Passing score on the Calculus Readiness Test, or prerequisite course.) Prerequisites: MTH 1000 Precalculus.

Prerequisites

Students must have mastered certain mathematical knowledge to be successful. In particular, students must be able to perform arithmetic on natural numbers, integers, and rational numbers, and they must be able to use concepts from “College Algebra” and “Precalculus.” In brief, students should have satisfied the requirements necessary to be prepared to study calculus. Students should be aware of the strong correlation between class attendance and grades. In brief, students must be engaged in learning and fully participate in all activities. If you have already mastered all of the material in this course, speak with your professor about an equivalency exam.

Students, Professor & Assistants

Students

Get to know your fellow classmates. Help each other.

The Professor

William David Shoaff
Room 324, Harris Center for Science and Engineering
wds@cs.fit.edu
(321) 674-8066
MWF 10:00 – 10:50 & 4:00 – 4:50, by appointment, walk-ins welcome (most of the time)

Assistants

Shayesteh Ghaderpour Taleghani
Room 211, Harris Center for Science and Engineering
Calendar

The calendar is included in the handouts for the class. A partial calendar is also posted on the course management system.

Material

The URL for the class is

http://cs.fit.edu/~wds/classes/adm

There you will find the following material

1. This syllabus
2. Handouts
3. A (deprecated) textbook
4. (Deprecated) Summary slides
5. Grades (see the course management system)

There are other excellent sources that you can use to learn the topics of discrete mathematics, for example, (Rosen, 2011), (Epp, 2010), (Stanoyevitch, 2011), (Bender and Williamson, 2005), and (Belcastro, Sarah-Marie, 2012).

There is also material on the course management system, but the main use of the cms is communicating, posting grades, and linking back to the class URL.

Policy

Attendance

The class meets on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 2:00 and 3:00 for 50 sessions. The location is Crawford 220. Attendance is required. If, for some reason ¹, you cannot attend class inform
your professor as soon as possible. Written documentation is necessary for an absence to be excused.

Rules for quizzes and exams

1. No notes, books, conversations, peeking at a neighbor’s answers, note-passing, sign language, mechanical/electrical devices: abacus, camera, telephone, calculator, etc.
2. First violators of rule 1 will receive a 0 for the test. Second violators of rule 1 will receive an F for the course.

Rules for homework

1. You are encouraged to work with other students in the class or with others from whom you can learn.
2. The Academic Support Center is scheduling group study sessions for students in this class.
3. Do not turn in homework when you do not understand the answers. Ask for guidance instead.

Academic integrity

The department enforces an honor code. This honor code establishes a recommended penalty and reporting structure for academic dishonesty.

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<tr>
<th>Offense</th>
<th>Recommended Penalty</th>
<th>Report to</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First</td>
<td>Zero on work</td>
<td>Dean of Students</td>
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<tr>
<td>Second</td>
<td>F in course</td>
<td>Dean of Students</td>
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<tr>
<td>Third</td>
<td>Expulsion from Program</td>
<td>UDC</td>
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Florida Tech provides guidelines to help students understand plagiarism, its consequences, and how to recognize and avoid academic dishonesty. Lipson describes three principles for academic integrity (Lipson, 2004).

1. “When you said you did it, you actually did.”
2. “When you use someone else’s work you cite it, when you use their word, you quote it openly and accurately.”
3. “When you present research materials, you present them fairly and truthfully. That’s true whether the research involves data, documents, or the writing of other scholars.”

Issues and Concerns

1. If you have a disability, inform your teacher. Accommodations can be provided.
2. If you have an academic problem, your teacher can link you to support services.

Don’t fail in silence!

Richard Ford’s advice to new students, The Florida Tech Crimson, Fall 2011, Issue 2
3. If you have a personal issue, without revealing private information, your teacher can link you to support services.

4. No forms of discrimination or harassment will be tolerated.

Where to Get Help

1. Your professors (For this class: MWF 10 & 4 or by appointment)
2. Your academic advisor
3. Your first-year advisor
4. Your teaching assistants (For this class: TR 10 & 11 or by appointment)
5. Students staffing the Computer Sciences Help Desk
6. The Academic Support Center
7. Counseling and Psychological Services

Topics

The course prepares students to solve problems in computing with applications in business, engineering, mathematics, the social and physical sciences and many other fields. Students study discrete, finite and countably infinite structures: logic and proofs, sets, naming systems, in particular, number systems, relations, functions, sequences, graphs, and combinatorics. These topics are commonly used when reasoning about problems and developing correct algorithmic solutions for them.

Outcomes

By the end of the course, each student will be able to:

1. Comprehend and use propositional and predicate logic. (1: Fundamental knowledge), 2: Scientific, computing, and engineering problem solving)

2. Understand naive set theory, set operations, cardinality and power sets, and the use sets to describe collections of objects. (1: Fundamental knowledge), 2: Scientific, computing, and engineering problem solving)

Example of course skills:

1. The decimal number 15 can be written as:
   \[(15)_{10} = (1111)_{2} = (01111)_{2c} = (F)_{16}\]

2. \[x \in \emptyset \implies x \in X.\]

3. For all natural numbers \(n\)
   \[\sum_{0 \leq k < n} 2^k = 2^n - 1\]

4. For all sets \(X\) and \(Y\),
   \[\neg(\neg X \cup Y) = X \cap \neg Y.\]

5. If \(p = \text{False}, q = \text{False},\) and \(r = \text{True},\) then
   \[(p \rightarrow q) \land (\neg r \rightarrow r) = \text{True}.\]

6. You can fool some of the people all of the time, and all of the people some of the time, but you cannot fool all of the people all of the time.

   \[(\exists p)(\forall t)(\text{canfool}(p, t))
   \land (\forall p)(\exists t)(\text{canfool}(p, t))
   \land (\exists p)(\exists t)(\neg\text{canfool}(p, t)).\]

7. Partial orders and equivalences:
   \[\subseteq\] is a partial order on \(2^X.\)
   \[\equiv m\] is an equivalence on \(\mathbb{Z}.\)

8. Using an \(O(n \lg n)\) sorting algorithm, a million things can be ordered in about 20 million steps.

9. There are \(\binom{n}{k}\) \(k\)-elements subsets of an \(n\)-element set.

10. Basic number theoretic concepts

The emphasis is on algorithmic problem-solving. Algorithmic efficiency, elegance, and generality are quality characteristics.

1. An ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, computing, and software engineering
2. An ability to identify computing and engineering problems, identify and define the requirements, design and conduct experiments, analyze and interpret data appropriate to solving these problems
3. Understand the value of positional numbers written in various bases (e.g., 2, 8, 10, 16); Interpret the meaning of numeral strings in various contexts: Unsigned, signed (sign/magnitude, two’s complement, biased), fixed-point, floating-point. (1: Fundamental knowledge)

4. Perform arithmetic with modular numbers, solve linear congruence equations, and know some applications where modular number occur. (1: Fundamental knowledge)

5. Use concepts of relations; represent relations as adjacency matrices, graphs or sets of ordered pairs; know relational properties that define equivalences and orders. (1: Fundamental knowledge), 2: Scientific, computing, and engineering problem solving)

6. Know basic functions (polynomials, logarithms and exponentials, integer functions, permutations) and some of their uses. (1: Fundamental knowledge)

7. Know several important sequences (e.g., Fibonacci, Mersenne, triangular, binomial coefficients) their uses in counting and other applications, use functions, recurrence relations and algorithms to compute terms in these sequences. (1: Fundamental knowledge)

8. Know partial sums of several important sequences. (1: Fundamental knowledge)

9. Establish the truth of propositions using forms of mathematical proof: Induction, direct, indirect, contradiction. (1: Fundamental knowledge)


**Grades**

Your final grade will be based on your performance on quizzes, examinations, and discussions of your homework during student-teacher meetings.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grades and their relation to performance</th>
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<tr>
<td>Grade</td>
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<tr>
<td>Performance</td>
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Student performance is measured in the following ways.

1. Four quizzes (60% of grade)
2. A comprehensive midterm examination (20% of grade)

3. A comprehensive final examination (20% of grade)

Your score $S$ will be a rational number between 0 and 100 computed by the formula

$$S = \frac{15}{100} \left( \sum_{k=0}^{3} q_k \right) + \frac{20}{100} \text{(midterm+final)}$$

where $0 \leq q_k \leq 100$, $k = 0, 1, 2, 3$ are your quiz scores. Extra credit will not be given. Final letter grades will be assigned based on the range in which your score $S$ falls:

$(90 \leq S \leq 100) \Rightarrow A, \ (80 \leq S \leq 89) \Rightarrow B, \ (70 \leq S \leq 79) \Rightarrow C, \ (60 \leq S \leq 69) \Rightarrow D, \ (0 \leq S \leq 59) \Rightarrow F$

The last day to withdraw for the class with a final grade of W is Friday, October 21.

Checking Grades

Check your grades on the course management system. Contact your professor when you find an error in your recorded grades. Be able to document the error.

Measure of Success

The target achievement level is that 70% of students will score at or above average (70%) on the final comprehensive examination. The questions on the final measure attainment of course outcomes.

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References


