CSE 2010, HW2
Due Thu Feb 7 at the start of your lab section; Submit Server: class = cse2010, assignment = hw2Sz
Individual
Due Thu Feb 7 at the end of your lab section; Submit Server: class = cse2010, assignment = hw2Sz
GroupHelp
x is 14, 24, or j—1 and 4 are merged into 14, j is for java

1 Written Part (30 points)

1. Explain the number of additions to the total (not Big-O) in terms of \( n \) for the following program segment:

```c
int total = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < n; i +=2)
    total += i; // addition to the total
```

2. Explain the number of additions to the total (not Big-O) in terms of \( n \) for the following program segment:

```c
int total = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    for (int j = i; j >= 0; j--)
        total += i * j; // addition to the total
```

3. Mathematically show that if \( d(n) \) is \( O(f(n)) \) and \( e(n) \) is \( O(g(n)) \), \( d(n) + e(n) \) is \( O(f(n) + g(n)) \).

4. Consider \( f(n) = 3n^2 + 4n - 3 \), mathematically show that \( f(n) \) is \( O(n^2) \), \( \Omega(n^2) \), and \( \Theta(n^2) \).

5. For finding an item in a sorted array, consider “tertiary search,” which is similar to binary search. It compares array elements at two locations and eliminates 2/3 of the array. To analyze the number of comparisons, the recurrence equations are \( T(n) = 2 + T(n/3) \), \( T(2) = 2 \), and \( T(1) = 1 \), where \( n \) is the size of the array. Explain why the equations characterize “tertiary search” and solve for \( T(n) \).

6. To analyze the time complexity of the “brute-force” algorithm in the programming part of this assignment, we would like to count the number of all possible routes.
   (a) Explain the number of all possible routes in terms of \( n \) (number of locations).
   (b) Consider a computer that can process 1 billion routes per second and \( n \) is 100, explain the number of years needed to process all possible routes.
   (c) If we don’t want the computer to spend more than 1 minute, explain the largest \( n \) the computer can process.

2 Programming Part (70 points)

An online retailer has robots that collect items from different locations in a warehouse to fulfill customer orders. Given a set of items and their locations, a robot starts from a packing station, collects all the items, and returns to the packing station quickly. How would you design an algorithm that finds the shortest route?

The goal of the assignment is to find the shortest route for the robot. Design a “brute-force” algorithm that recursively enumerates all possible routes and determines the shortest route. For simplicity, we use non-negative integer \( x,y \) coordinates for the locations and assume a robot can travel from one location to another via a straight line (ie, no stationary or moving obstacles). Sample input and output are on the course website. We will evaluate your submission on code01.fit.edu, so you are strongly recommended to ensure your program functions properly on code01.fit.edu. To preserve invisible characters, we strongly recommend you to download, NOT copy and paste, input data files. To include the math library, append -lm at the end of gcc.

Input: The command-line argument for hw2.c (HW2.java) is the name of the input file, which has:

1. the number of locations on the first line
2. a location name, x coordinate, and y coordinate on each of the remaining lines

Output: The program prints the shortest route (from a packing station and back to the packing station) to the standard output (screen). The location name, \( x \), \( y \), and distance from the previous location is on a line and the total distance is on the second last line. All distance values have 2 decimal places. The first and last locations are the packing station, and the first location has a distance value of 0.00 from the “previous” location.

If more than one route has the smallest distance, output the route that is alphabetically earlier. For example, \( P, A, B \), \( C, P \) would be earlier than \( P, C, B, A, P \)

Extra Credit (10 points): Separate submission via hw2extra.c (HW2Extra.java). Solve the problem without recursion (or using a stack to simulate recursion).

3 Submission

Submit hw2.c (HW2.java) that has the main method and other program files. Submissions for Individual and GroupHelp have the same guidelines as HW1.

Submit the written part in PDF format to the Submit Server. Hardcopy is also acceptable in the lab. GroupHelp submission is not applicable to the written part.

Note the late penalty on the syllabus if you submit after the due date and time as specified at the top.

For extra credit, submit hw2extra.c (HW2Extra.java) that has the main method and other program files. GroupHelp submission is not applicable to extra credit. Late submission for extra credit is not accepted.