Abstract

Placing things in order is a common activity. Ordinal numbers: first, second, third, fourth, and so on are used to describe the order to discrete things. Small-to-large or large-to-small are ways to compare things, placing them in order. Before and after are words used to describe the order of temporal events. Less than and greater than are also common phrases used to describe the order of numbers.

Place 2, 7, 1, 8 in order.

Place blue, red, green, tan in order.

Place , , , in order.

Place , , , in order.

Place \{0,1\}, \{1\}, \{0\}, \varnothing in order.

Place , , , in order.

Comparisons are used to determine the order of things. Some words used to describe comparisons are: smaller, larger, before, after, less than, and greater than. The result of a comparison is a Boolean value: False or True.